

AB 3/5/03

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/02	AND ENDING	12/31/02	
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFICA	TION	MM/DD/YY	
			OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
	c Trading, LLC			
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU			FIRM I.D. NO.	
Le 7 Wall	Areet, 21St floo (No. and Street)	<b>X</b>		
	(No. and Street)		•	
New York	(State)		10005	
City)	(State)		Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P			RT ZIZ) 905-7400	
Timung Oraci		·	(Area Code – Telephone Number)	
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTIFICA	ATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained in th	nis Report*		
	Nan LLP (Name - if individual, state last, first,	-		
<i></i> ,	(Name - if individual, state last, first,	middle name)		
655 Third Are. 16th flo	or New York	(\$1/10)	10017	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE;				
Certified Public Accountant		PPA.		
☐ Public Accountant		nu	CESSED	
☐ Accountant not resident in Un	ited States or any of its possessi	ons. MAR	1 8 2003	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL	Y THO	THOMSON	
			INCIAL	

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Anthony Orantes	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial stateme	
Sonic Tradion, LLC	as
of December 3t , 20	0 > , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal of	
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
one of the order o	
	Λ
	949
	Signature
	Financial + Operations Principal
N F	Title
Va. Internal	
Notary Public	
Notary Fublic	DONATO FORNABAIO
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF NEW YORK NO. 01F06037165
(a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition.	QUALIFIED IN RICHMOND COUNTY COMMISSION FYPIRES FEB. 14, 2006
(c) Statement of Financial Condition.	COMMISSION AND AND PED. 14, 2000
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Part	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to ((g) Computation of Net Capital.	Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.  (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirem	ients Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Re	
	of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requi	
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited consolidation.	Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to	exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
•	

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# Marcum & Kliegman LLP

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

A Limited Liability Partnership Consisting of Professional Corporations

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Member of Sonic Trading LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Sonic Trading LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2002 and the related statement of operations, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sonic Trading LLC as of December 31, 2002 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Marcum & Kliegman LLP

New York, New York February 10, 2003

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2002

### **ASSETS**

AGOLI	2		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	68,265	
Due from clearing agent		25,650	
Stock and stock warrant subscriptions		29,800	
TOTAL ASSETS			\$ 123,715
LIABILITIES AND MEN	MBER'S EQUITY	<i>7</i>	
LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and accrued expenses			\$ 15,000
MEMBER'S EQUITY			 108,715

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

123,715

## STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

REVENUE Interest income		\$	1,169
EXPENSES Professional fees Registration fees	\$ 15,000 9,172		
TOTAL EXPENSES			24,172
NET LOSS		<u>\$</u>	(23,003)

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY

MEMBER'S EQUITY - Beginning	\$ 121,718
Capital Contribution	10,000
Net Loss	(23,003)
MEMBER'S EQUITY - Ending	\$ 108,715

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss  Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	\$	(250)	\$	(23,003)
Due from clearing agent Accounts payable and accrued expenses	Ф	(259) 5,000		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses				
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS				4,741
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES				(18,262)
	<b>a</b>			
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>S</u>			10,000
Capital contribution				10,000
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES				10,000
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH				
EQUIVALENTS				(8,262)
CACH AND CACH FOUNTAL PAID.				76,527
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning				70,347
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Ending			\$	68,265
<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<del></del>

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

#### Organization

Sonic Trading LLC, (the "Company"), a Florida Limited Liability Company ("LLC"), is a registered broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (the "NASD"). The Company is whollyowned by Sonic Trading Management, LLC (the "Parent"). The Company was formed in 1999 and obtained NASD membership in May 2000.

The Company has not yet commenced operations and does not carry security accounts for customers and does not perform custodial functions relating to customer securities. Upon commencement of operations, pursuant to the Company's NASD membership agreement, the Company may engage in the following activities: a) Broker or dealer retailing corporate equity securities over-the-counter; and b) Non-exchange member arranging for transactions in listed securities by exchange member.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Income Taxes

The Company, a Florida LLC files consolidated Federal, State and local tax returns with its Parent. The members of an LLC are taxed on their proportionate share of the Company's Federal and State taxable income. Accordingly, no provision or liability for Federal or State income taxes has been included in the financial statements. The tax provision within these statements represents the Company's share of the New York City Unincorporated Business Tax and a New York State filing fee. The New York City Unincorporated Business Tax is calculated as if the Company filed on a separate return basis.

#### Use of Estimates in the Financial Statements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The financial instruments of the Company are reported in the statement of financial condition at market or fair values, or at carrying amounts that approximate fair values.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 2 - Stock and Stock Warrant Subscriptions

In December 2000, the Company purchased 300 warrants for shares of common stock of National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. at \$11 per warrant. The Company's cost approximates fair value. Each warrant entitles the Company to purchase 4 shares of the common stock. The warrants are exercisable in four annual tranches beginning in June 2002 at exercise prices per share of \$13, \$14, \$15, and \$16, respectively. The securities have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, or any state securities laws and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold except pursuant to an exemption from or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the securities act and applicable state securities laws.

#### NOTE 3 - Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2002, the company's net capital amounted to \$78,915, which was \$73,915 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was .19 to 1.

#### NOTE 4 - Related Party Transactions

The Company has a license and expense agreement with the Parent. The agreement provides that the Parent is to license certain proprietary software to the Company and provide support, staffing, other management services and office facilities. The agreement further provides that the Parent will provide the services at no cost to the Company while the Company remains inactive. Once the Company becomes active the agreement will be amended to specify the consideration to be paid to the Parent for the services to be provided for the period of activity.

#### NOTE 5 - Income Taxes

Deferred taxes represent the tax effects of differences between the financial reporting tax bases of the Company's assets and liabilities at the enacted tax rates in effect for the years in which the differences war expected to reverse. The Company evaluates the recoverability of deferred tax assets and establishes a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Income tax expense consists of the tax payable for the period and the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 5 - Income Taxes, continued

As of December 31, 2002, the Company had approximately \$66,000 of net operating loss carryforwards for purposes of New York City Unincorporated Business Tax that expire in 2022. The Company recorded a 100% valuation allowance against the deferred tax asset generated from such loses due to operating losses incurred in 2002.

# SCHEDULE I - COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

As of December 31, 2002

NET CAPITAL Total member's equity	\$ 108,715
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>	
Stock and stock warrant subscriptions	 29,800
NET CAPITAL	78,915
AGGREGATED INDEBTEDNESS (A.I.)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 15,000
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	
(a) Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of total A.I.)	\$ 1,000
(b) Minimum net capital required of broker/dealer	\$ 5,000
Net capital requirement (Greater of (a) or (b))	\$ 5,000
Excess net capital	\$ 73,915
Excess net capital at 1,000% (Net capital - 10% of A.I.)	\$ 77,415
Ratio of A.I. to net capital	 .19 to 1

# SCHEDULE I - COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, Continued

As of December 31, 2002

#### RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION

(include in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2002)

No material differences exist

## SCHEDULE II - EXEMPTIVE PROVISIONS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

The Company claims exemption from the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission rule 15c3-3 under Section (k)(2)(ii) of the rule.

# Marcum & Kliegman LLP

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

A Limited Liability Partnership Consisting of Professional Corporations

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Member of Sonic Trading LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Sonic Trading LLC (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member and management of the Company, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Marcum & Kliegman LLP

New York, New York February 10, 2003